

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 25, 2016

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 6, 2016

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2015–16 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2415

Introduced by Assembly Member Eduardo Garcia

February 19, 2016

An act to amend Section 39719.2 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to greenhouse gases.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2415, as amended, Eduardo Garcia. California Clean Truck, Bus, and Off-Road Vehicle and Equipment Technology Program.

The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 designates the State Air Resources Board as the state agency charged with monitoring and regulating sources of emissions of greenhouse gases. The act authorizes the state board to include the use of market-based compliance mechanisms. Existing law requires all moneys, except for fines and penalties, collected by the state board as part of a market-based compliance mechanism to be deposited in the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund and to be available upon appropriation by the Legislature.

The California Clean Truck, Bus, and Off-Road Vehicle and Equipment Technology Program, upon appropriation from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund, funds zero- and near-zero-emission truck, bus, and off-road vehicle and equipment technologies and related projects, as specified, with priority given to certain projects, including projects that benefit disadvantaged communities, as defined. The program, until January 1, 2018, requires no less than 20% of the funding

made available for the purposes of technology development, demonstration, precommercial pilots, and early commercial deployments of zero- and near-zero-emission medium- and heavy-duty truck technology support early commercial deployment of existing zero- and near-zero-emission heavy-duty truck technology. The program requires the state board to ensure that the results of emissions reductions or benefits can be measured or quantified.

This bill, between January 2, 2018, and January 1, 2023, would require no less than 50% ~~or \$100,000,000, whichever is greater,~~ of the moneys allocated each year for technology development, demonstration, precommercial pilots, and early commercial deployments of zero- and near-zero-emission medium- and heavy-duty truck *and bus* technology be allocated and spent to support the commercial deployment of existing zero- and near-zero-emission heavy-duty truck *and heavy-duty bus* technology that meets or exceeds a specified emission ~~standard.~~ *standard, with at least 2/3 of these funds to be allocated to heavy-duty truck projects. The bill would authorize the state board to increase those emission standards based on specified findings. The bill would require the state board to limit the incentives that may be allocated to any one vehicle or engine manufacturer in each year under these provisions to 49% of the moneys available for allocation in that year. The bill would require allocations under these provisions to be made for projects that are shown to achieve the greatest greenhouse gas emissions reductions, as specified.* The bill also would require the state board to post on its Internet Web site the results of emissions reductions or benefits.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 39719.2 of the Health and Safety Code
- 2 is amended to read:
- 3 39719.2. (a) The California Clean Truck, Bus, and Off-Road
- 4 Vehicle and Equipment Technology Program is hereby created,
- 5 to be administered by the state board in conjunction with the State
- 6 Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission.
- 7 The program, from moneys appropriated from the fund for the
- 8 purposes of the program, shall fund development, demonstration,
- 9 precommercial pilot, and early commercial deployment of zero-

1 and near-zero-emission truck, bus, and off-road vehicle and
2 equipment technologies. Priority shall be given to projects
3 benefiting disadvantaged communities pursuant to the requirements
4 of Sections 39711 and 39713.

5 (b) Projects eligible for funding pursuant to this section include,
6 but are not limited to, the following:

7 (1) Technology development, demonstration, precommercial
8 pilots, and early commercial deployments of zero- and
9 near-zero-emission medium- and heavy-duty truck *and bus*
10 technology, including projects that help to facilitate clean
11 goods-movement corridors.

12 (A) Until January 1, 2018, no less than 20 percent of funding
13 made available for the purposes of this paragraph shall support
14 early commercial deployment of existing zero- and
15 near-zero-emission heavy-duty truck technology.

16 (B) (i) Between January 2, 2018, and January 1, 2023, no less
17 than 50 percent ~~or one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000),~~
18 ~~whichever is greater,~~ of the moneys allocated each year for the
19 purposes of this paragraph shall be allocated and spent to support
20 the commercial deployment of existing zero- and
21 near-zero-emission heavy-duty truck *and heavy-duty bus*
22 technology that meets or exceeds an emission standard of 0.02
23 grams per brake horsepower-hour oxides of nitrogen, as described
24 in the optional low oxides of nitrogen emission standards in Section
25 1956.8 of Title 13 of the California Code of Regulations. *The state*
26 *board shall allocate at least two-thirds of the amount available*
27 *for allocation pursuant to this subparagraph to heavy-duty truck*
28 *projects.*

29 (ii) (I) Between January 2, 2018, and January 1, 2020, a
30 heavy-duty truck *or heavy-duty bus* with an internal combustion
31 engine receiving moneys allocated pursuant to this subparagraph
32 shall use not less than 30 percent renewable fuel.

33 (II) Beginning January 2, 2020, a heavy-duty truck *or heavy-duty*
34 *bus* with an internal combustion engine receiving moneys allocated
35 pursuant to this subparagraph shall use not less than 50 percent
36 renewable fuel.

37 (III) *The state board may increase the minimum percentage of*
38 *renewable fuel required for the allocation of moneys pursuant to*
39 *this subparagraph in subsequent years if the state board makes a*
40 *finding that a higher percentage is commercially feasible and the*

1 *State Energy Resources Conservation and Development*
2 *Commission makes a finding that there is a sufficient supply of*
3 *renewable energy fuel available. An increase adopted pursuant*
4 *to this subclause shall apply prospectively to moneys allocated*
5 *after the increase is adopted by the state board.*

6 ~~(III) The~~

7 (IV) *The percentage in effect at the time the moneys are awarded*
8 *to a heavy-duty truck or heavy-duty bus with an internal*
9 *combustion engine pursuant to this subparagraph shall not change*
10 *that award.*

11 ~~(IV)~~

12 (V) *This subparagraph does not alter or affect in any way the*
13 *amount of credit or grants for which a low-carbon-fuel provider*
14 *or truck or bus operator is eligible pursuant to law.*

15 (iii) *The state board shall limit the amount of incentives that*
16 *may be allocated for any one vehicle or engine manufacturer in*
17 *each year to 49 percent of the moneys allocated in that year for*
18 *the purposes of this subparagraph.*

19 (iv) *The state board shall ensure that available moneys are*
20 *allocated on a competitive basis to projects that are shown to*
21 *achieve the greatest greenhouse gas emissions reductions not*
22 *otherwise required by statute or regulation.*

23 (2) *Zero- and near-zero-emission bus technology development,*
24 *demonstration, precommercial pilots, and early commercial*
25 *deployments, including pilots of multiple vehicles at one site or*
26 *region.*

27 (3) *Zero- and near-zero-emission off-road vehicle and equipment*
28 *technology development, demonstration, precommercial pilots,*
29 *and early commercial deployments, including vehicles and*
30 *equipment in the port, agricultural, marine, construction, and rail*
31 *sectors.*

32 (4) *Purchase incentives, which may include point-of-sale, for*
33 *commercially available zero- and near-zero-emission truck, bus,*
34 *and off-road vehicle and equipment technologies and fueling*
35 *infrastructure to support early market deployments of alternative*
36 *technologies and to increase manufacturer volumes and accelerate*
37 *market acceptance.*

38 (5) *Projects that support greater commercial motor vehicle and*
39 *equipment freight efficiency and greenhouse gas emissions*
40 *reductions, including, but not limited to, advanced intelligent*

1 transportation systems, autonomous vehicles, and other freight
2 information and operations technologies.

3 (c) The state board, in consultation with the State Energy
4 Resources Conservation and Development Commission, shall
5 develop guidance through the existing Air Quality Improvement
6 Program funding plan process for the implementation of this
7 section that is consistent with the California Global Warming
8 Solutions Act of 2006 (Division 25.5 (commencing with Section
9 38500)) and this chapter.

10 (d) The guidance developed pursuant to subdivision (c) shall
11 do all of the following:

12 (1) Outline performance criteria and metrics for deployment
13 incentives. The goal shall be to design a simple and predictable
14 structure that provides incentives for truck, bus, and off-road
15 vehicle and equipment technologies that provide significant
16 greenhouse gas reduction and air quality benefits.

17 (2) Ensure that program investments are coordinated with
18 funding programs developed pursuant to the California Alternative
19 and Renewable Fuel, Vehicle Technology, Clean Air, and Carbon
20 Reduction Act of 2007 (Chapter 8.9 (commencing with Section
21 44270) of Part 5).

22 (3) Promote projects that assist the state in reaching its climate
23 goals beyond 2020, consistent with Sections 38550 and 38551.

24 (4) Promote investments in medium- and heavy-duty trucking,
25 including, but not limited to, vocational trucks, short-haul and
26 long-haul trucks, buses, and off-road vehicles and equipment,
27 including, but not limited to, port equipment, agricultural
28 equipment, marine equipment, and rail equipment.

29 (5) Implement purchase incentives for eligible technologies to
30 increase the use of the cleanest vehicles in disadvantaged
31 communities.

32 (6) Allow for remanufactured and retrofitted vehicles to qualify
33 for purchase incentives if those vehicles meet warranty and
34 emissions requirements, as determined by the state board.

35 (7) Establish a competitive process for the allocation of moneys
36 for projects funded pursuant to this section.

37 (8) Leverage, to the maximum extent feasible, federal or private
38 funding.

39 (9) Ensure that the results of emissions reductions or benefits
40 can be measured or quantified. The state board shall post on its

Internet Web site every two years the results of those measurements or quantifications.

(10) Ensure that activities undertaken pursuant to this section complement, and do not interfere with, efforts to achieve and maintain federal and state ambient air quality standards and to reduce toxic air contaminants.

(e) In evaluating potential projects to be funded pursuant to this section, the state board shall give priority to projects that demonstrate one or more of the following characteristics:

(1) Benefit disadvantaged communities pursuant to Sections 39711 and 39713.

(2) The ability to leverage additional public and private funding.

(3) The potential for cobenefits or multiple-benefit attributes.

(4) The potential for the project to be replicated.

(5) Regional benefit, with focus on collaboration between multiple entities.

(6) Support for technologies with broad market and emissions reduction potential.

(7) Support for projects addressing technology and market barriers not addressed by other programs.

(8) Support for enabling technologies that benefit multiple technology pathways.

(f) In the implementation of this section, the state board, in consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, shall create an annual framework and plan. The framework and plan shall be developed with public input and may utilize existing investment plan processes and workshops as well as existing state and third-party research and technology roadmaps. The framework and plan shall do all of the following:

(1) Articulate an overarching vision for technology development, demonstration, precommercial pilot, and early commercial deployments, with a focus on moving technologies through the commercialization process.

(2) Outline technology categories, performance criteria, and required mandates for technologies and applications that may be considered for funding pursuant to this section. This shall include technologies and low-carbon-fuel requirements for medium- and heavy-duty trucking, including, but not limited to, vocational trucks, short-haul and long-haul trucks, buses, and off-road vehicles and equipment, including, but not limited to, port equipment,

1 agricultural equipment, construction equipment, marine equipment,
2 and rail equipment.

3 (3) Describe the roles of the relevant agencies and the process
4 for coordination among agencies, program participants, and
5 low-carbon-fuel providers.

6 (g) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
7 following meanings:

8 (1) Effective January 2, 2018, ~~“Heavy-duty truck”~~ *“heavy-duty*
9 *truck”* means a ~~vehicle~~ *truck* that has a gross vehicle weight ~~rate~~
10 *rating* (GVWR) of 26,001 pounds or more.

11 (2) *Effective January 2, 2018, “heavy-duty bus” means a bus*
12 *that has a gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of 19,501 pounds*
13 *or more.*

14 ~~(2)~~

15 (3) “Zero- and near-zero-emission” means vehicles, fuels, and
16 related technologies that reduce greenhouse gas emissions and
17 improve air quality when compared with conventional or fully
18 commercialized alternatives, as defined by the state board in
19 consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and
20 Development Commission. “Zero- and near-zero-emission” may
21 include, but is not limited to, zero-emission technology, enabling
22 technologies that provide a pathway to emissions reductions,
23 advanced or alternative fuel engines for long-haul trucks, and
24 hybrid or alternative fuel technologies for trucks and off-road
25 equipment.